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the reading of three or four small books as against one large one promises no saving of time, while the sectioning of the material may very well lead to artificial boundary lines. An intelligent study of the volume before us is further hindered by the fact that the text is divided up into short, unnamed paragraphs, to which the headings of the analytical table of contents do not correspond; so that it is difficult to decide when one has reached the end of a certain subject, or whether an apparently novel paragraph is merely an excursus within an extended argument. Some of the illustrations are excellent: others are badly reproduced, and of some it may be questioned whether they were not inserted as an after-thought, in order to comply with the Library's demand for an illustrated work.

The first part of the book deals with general criminology: with the statistical differences between male and female criminality, with the influences which favor criminality among women, with the characteristic signs of the female delinquent, and with the question of a criminal type. The second part treats of special criminology, under the headings of maternal, sexual, acquisitive and collective criminality. The third discusses the status of the female criminal before the law, and the attitude of modern society to the question of the punishment of female offenders. The author concludes that "les attributs sexuels irréductibles présentent une différence assez importante pour justifier, en dehors de tout autre argument, l'inégalité de traitement devant la justice pénale."

It may be repeated that the temper of the book is sane and moderate; M. Granier writes from full knowledge of his subject and without bias. He might, perhaps, have avoided to some degree the jerkiness of style referred to above; he can hardly be held responsible for the division of material among the volumes of the Library.

M. W. WISEMAN.

Feeling Psychologically Treated, and Prolegomena to Psychology, by D. J. SNIDER. Sigma Publishing Co., St. Louis, 1905. pp. cxxxii, 402. Price \$1.50.

It appears, from the advertisements inserted in this volume, that Dr. Snider is the author of twenty-six books, has a twenty-seventh in preparation, and two others in view. Moreover, the list terminates with an 'over,' which induces the reader to turn the leaf: whereupon he comes upon a blank page, presumably to be filled in the not too distant future.

The reviewer must confess that he was ignorant of all this literary activity until the present work came to his notice. And, if he is to judge from it, he cannot recommend the author as a safe guide in psychological matters. Dr. Snider's position would seem to be that of a panpsychism, strongly tinctured by mysticism; and his method is that of minute logical articulation, such as one finds in the Erfahrungsseelenlehre of the eighteenth century. There is evidence that he has read such authorities as Wundt and James, and there are shrewd and suggestive aperçus scattered through the text. But the affective problems that are now in the forefront of psychological discussion will, most assuredly, come away disappointed.

M. W. WISEMAN.

Leitfaden der physiologischen Psychologie in 15 Vorlesungen, von Th. Ziehen. G. Fischer, Jena, 1906. pp. viii., 280. Price, in paper, Mk. 5; bound, Mk. 6.

I have, unfortunately, been able to compare this new edition of Professor Ziehen's Physiological Psychology, not with the sixth edition,

but only with the fifth edition of 1900. The work has grown from 267 to 280 pp.—itself an indication that the changes consist mainly of minor additions to text and notes. I have, indeed, found but one omission, and that of very slight range or importance. The principal additions will be found on pp. 50, chemistry of taste; 51-54, psychology of olfactory sensation; 56, temperature sensations; 75, theories of audition; 76, musical scales; 81 f., psychology of tone; 100, contrast and irradiation; 105, sun and moon illusions; 109, perception of form; 112 ff., adaptation and after-images; 127, melodic feelings; 136, sensation and idea; 139, neurology; 151, teleological value of imagination; 154, 158, memory images; 161, secondary feelings; 197, emotive incoherence; 211 f., attention; 217, method of hits and misses; 238, 243 f., reactions; 250 f., expressive movements; 253, infant psychology; 254, laughter and singing. There is also a new fig. (section through the human cortex) on p. 24. The systematic outlook is wholly un-

Studies in Moro History, Law and Religion, by N. M. SALEEBY. Department of the Interior: Ethnological Survey Publications. Manila, 1905, Vol. 4, Pt. 1, pp. 107.

This publication consists of three chapters, dealing respectively with the history of Magindanao, or Mindanao, legendary and recent, with the laws of the Moros, and with the religious orations of the Sulus. Ch. i contains an interesting sketch of the mythology of Mindanao, reminding the reader forcibly of certain tales in the Arabian Nights; translates eight genealogical manuscripts; and ends with a brief history of the island since the advent of Islam. Ch. ii gives an historical account, with translation, of three legal codes: the Mindanao, the principal Sulu, and the new Sulu. It is illustrated by ten half-tone plates of MS. pages. Ch. iii translates the Sulu oration for the feast of Ramadan, and the Sulu Friday oration: it is illustrated by six plates. So far as the layman can judge, the work has been thoroughly and carefully done, and the volume should prove valuable to students of ethnology. H. E. HOTCHKISS.

The Nabaloi Dialect, by O. Scheerer. The Bataks of Palawan, by E. Y. MILLER. Department of the Interior: Ethnological Survey Publications. Manila, 1905, Vol. 2, Parts 2 and 3, pp. 85-199.

The first part of this publication contains a grammar and vocabulary of the dialect of the Ibaloi Igorot, inhabiting a portion of the district of Benguet in northern Luzon: there is added an account of a Spanish expedition to Benguet in the year 1829. The paper gives some interesting notes, with musical transcription, of Ibaloi songs, and among the 22 half-tone plates (from photographs by D. C. Worcester) are representations of musical instruments. The second part describes the primitive people known as Bataks, found in the mountains of the interior of Palawan, about 40 miles north of Puerto Princesa. paper is illustrated by 6 plates from photographs by the author.

H. E. HOTCHKISS.

Laboratoire de physiologie de l'université de Turin: Travaux des années 1904-1905 publiés sous la direction de A. Mosso. Extrait des Archives italiennes de biologie, 1905. Vols. 41-43. pp. vii., 337.

This volume contains twenty-six reprinted physiological papers from the Turin laboratory, eighteen of them bearing the name of the director, alone or in collaboration with MM. G. Marro and G. Galeotti. The remaining articles are by MM. C. Foa, G. Galeotti, A. Aggazzotti, A. Herlitzka and M. Ponzo. The greater part of the volume is devoted to the phenomena of respiration and circulation at high altitudes: